

Missouri Department of Social Services

Mike Kehoe Governor

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Friday, November 7, 2025

To: MaryLee Underwood, Executive Director

From: Julie Hawkins, Rules Committee Chair

Subject: Rule Revision to correct error in consistency

In accordance with ICJ Rule 2-103(11), I am directing the following revision to language in pending amendment of Rule 5-103A, Mandatory Relocation Determined by Receiving State, which was adopted on August 27, 2025, and will take effect on April 1, 2025.

1. c. The juvenile is a student or resides independently in the receiving state and the transfer of supervision fails relocation is mandatory due to documented instances of violations of supervision, and the receiving state has documented efforts or interventions to redirect the behavior.

The phrase "the transfer of supervision fails" shall be replaced with "relocation is mandatory." The revision is necessary to ensure language consistency throughout the rule. In other sections, "failed supervision" and similar phrases were replaced with "mandatory relocation" and similar phrases. This was an oversight by the Rules Committee and will not result in a material change to the rule. Fortunately, this correction can be made in a timely manner, and before the amended rules take effect in April 2026.

Pursuant to ICJ Rule 2-103(11):

Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the official web site of the Interstate Commission for Juveniles and in any other official publication that may be designated by the Interstate Commission for Juveniles for the publication of its rules. For a period of thirty (30) days after posting, the revision is subject to challenge by any Commissioner or Designee. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing, and delivered to the Executive Director of the Commission, prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the Commission.

Proposed by Rules Committee

RULE 5-103A: Failed Supervision Mandatory Relocation Determined by Receiving State

- 1. The receiving state may determine <u>relocation is mandatory when</u> supervision has failed when a juvenile is not detained and one of the following circumstances applies:
 - a. A legal guardian remains in the sending state, the receiving state has documented efforts or interventions to redirect the behavior, and:
 - i. The juvenile no longer resides in the residence approved by the receiving state due to documented instances of violation of conditions of supervision; or
 - ii. An alternative residence is determined to be in the best interest of the juvenile due to documented instances of violation of conditions of supervision and no viable alternatives have been located in the receiving state; or
 - iii. An immediate, serious threat to the health and safety of the juvenile and/or others in the residence or community is identified.
 - b. The juvenile does not reside with a legal guardian and the person with whom the juvenile resides requests the juvenile be removed from his/her home.
 - c. The juvenile is a student or resides independently in the receiving state and the transfer of supervision fails relocation is mandatory due to documented instances of violations of conditions of supervision, and the receiving state has documented efforts or interventions to redirect the behavior.
- 2. Upon a determination of failed supervision, <u>The</u> the receiving state shall notify the sending state using Form IX, <u>Mandatory Relocation</u> Failed Supervision Report, which shall contain the following information:
 - a. Details regarding why how the supervising agent determined relocation is mandatory supervision in the receiving state failed; and
 - b. Description of efforts or interventions to redirect behavior or maintain current residence; and
 - c. Any pending charges in the receiving state.
- 3. The sending state shall respond to the Form IX, <u>Mandatory Relocation</u> Failed Supervision Report, no later than ten (10) business days following receipt by the sending state.

- a. The response shall provide details of an alternative living arrangement secured by the sending state or provide notice that a decision has been made to return the juvenile.
- b. If an alternative living arrangement is not secured, the juvenile shall be returned no later than ten (10) business days following receipt of the Form IX, <u>Mandatory Relocation Failed Supervision</u> Report, by the sending state. This time period may be extended up to an additional five (5) business days with the approval from both ICJ Offices.

History: Adopted September 27, 2023, effective April 1, 2024; clerically amended, November 20, 2025